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# Tool Inventory System

Hans-Petter Halvorsen

# Tool Inventory System - Background

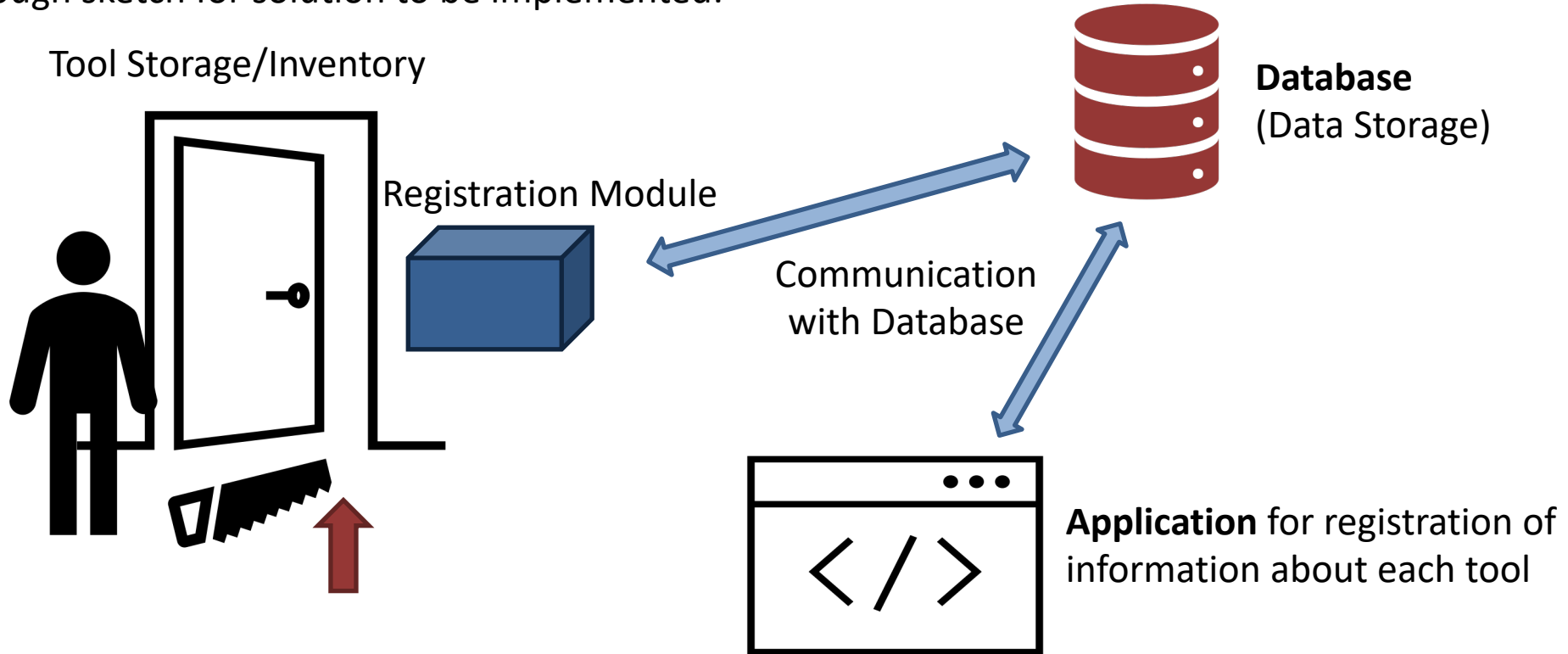
- A company has a room (inventory room) full of expensive tools
- The tools are used by the employees in their daily work
- The company wants to keep track of the tools in this inventory room
- The door into the room has access control (ID card is needed to open the door) but there is no tracking of the tools

# Tool Inventory System - Goals

- The system should track tools in the inventory, i.e., track when someone borrow tools and when someone return tools
- The system should have a card reader at the door to the tool storage/inventory, which in addition to unlocking the door means that the tool that is taken out is registered on this person.

# Tool Inventory System – Suggested Solution

Rough sketch for solution to be implemented:



# Functional Requirements

- The system should track tools in the inventory, i.e., track when someone borrow tools and when someone return tools
- The system should have a card reader at the door to the tool storage/inventory, which in addition to unlocking the door means that the tool that is taken out is registered on this person.
- The system should automatically register the time and person in the database when tools are taken out (/ in) of the inventory.
- The system should automatically register when a tool leaves the inventory
- The inventory should have access control
- The following information should be stored for each tool: Tool Number, Vendor, Model, Purchase Date, Calibration Date, Price, Owner, Categories and Subcategories

# Functional Requirements

- A program to easily add new tools or modify existing ones in the database, preferably with a web interface for easier access
- Create a graphical display application on a screen:
  - If the tool is outside / inside
  - When it was taken out
  - Person who has taken the tool
  - Possible picture of tools
  - Here it is possibly desirable with a touch screen to be able to browse the list, perhaps with a small search function or some filtering options, but without access to make changes.

# Functional Requirements

- It should be possible to get lists of available tools, possibly who borrowed it and when, etc.
- It should be possible to send reminders to get tools back, etc.
- It should be possible to add users, edit user information and delete old non existing users
- The user needs to login to the web system with a Username and a Password
- Possible to reserve tools that you need

# Non-Functional Requirements

- The system shall use RFID tags for access control
- The system should be wireless, preferably using RFID tags for tracking tools in the inventory
- The range for the RFID reader should be 2m
- The web application should be created using non-licensed based software
- The Web Application should preferable be hosted on Microsoft Azure because the customer already uses this service
- The system and programs should be designed in such a way that they are as general and configurable as possible.



# Non-Functional Requirements

- The system should satisfy the GDPR and satisfy basic security requirements, login, etc.
- The web application(s) should work with both Microsoft Edge and Google Chrome
- The customer mainly wants a total solution that is as license free as possible. Assessments must be made of development tools, programming languages, frameworks, etc. so that this is taken care of in the best possible way
- The User Passwords should have necessary security such as “Hashing”
- The system should be modularized for easy maintenance and further development by the customer
- The code should be well structured and well documented to make it possible for the customer to maintain and to further develop the system

# RFID

- Radio-frequency identification (RFID)
- RFID is the method of uniquely identifying items using radio waves
- An RFID system comprises a tag, a reader, and an antenna
- Unlike a barcode, the tag does not need to be within the line of sight of the reader

# RFID Parts

- An **RFID tag** in its most simplistic form, is comprised of two parts – an antenna for transmitting and receiving signals, and an RFID chip (or integrated circuit, IC) which stores the tag's ID and other information. RFID tags are affixed to items in order to track them using an RFID reader and antenna.
- An **RFID reader** is the brain of the RFID system and is necessary for any system to function
- **RFID Antennas** are necessary elements in an RFID system because they convert the RFID reader's signal into RF waves that can be picked up by RFID tags
- Many RFID readers has an integrated antenna

# RFID System Overview

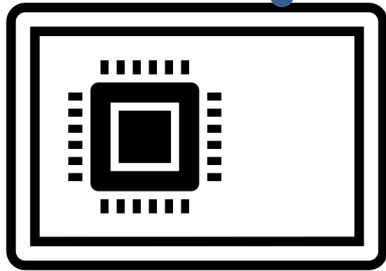
PC (or a Microcontroller/Microcomputer, e.g., Arduino, Raspberry Pi, Intel NUC, ...)



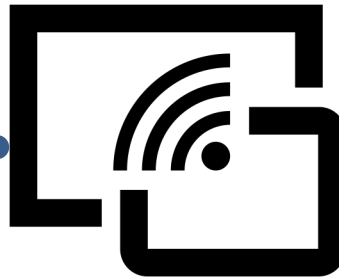
USB

RFID Reader and Antenna are typically in one unit. For longer distance, a separate Antenna may be needed?

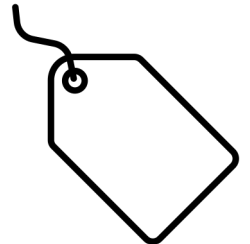
RFID Reader



RFID Antenna



RFID Tag



# RFID Tags

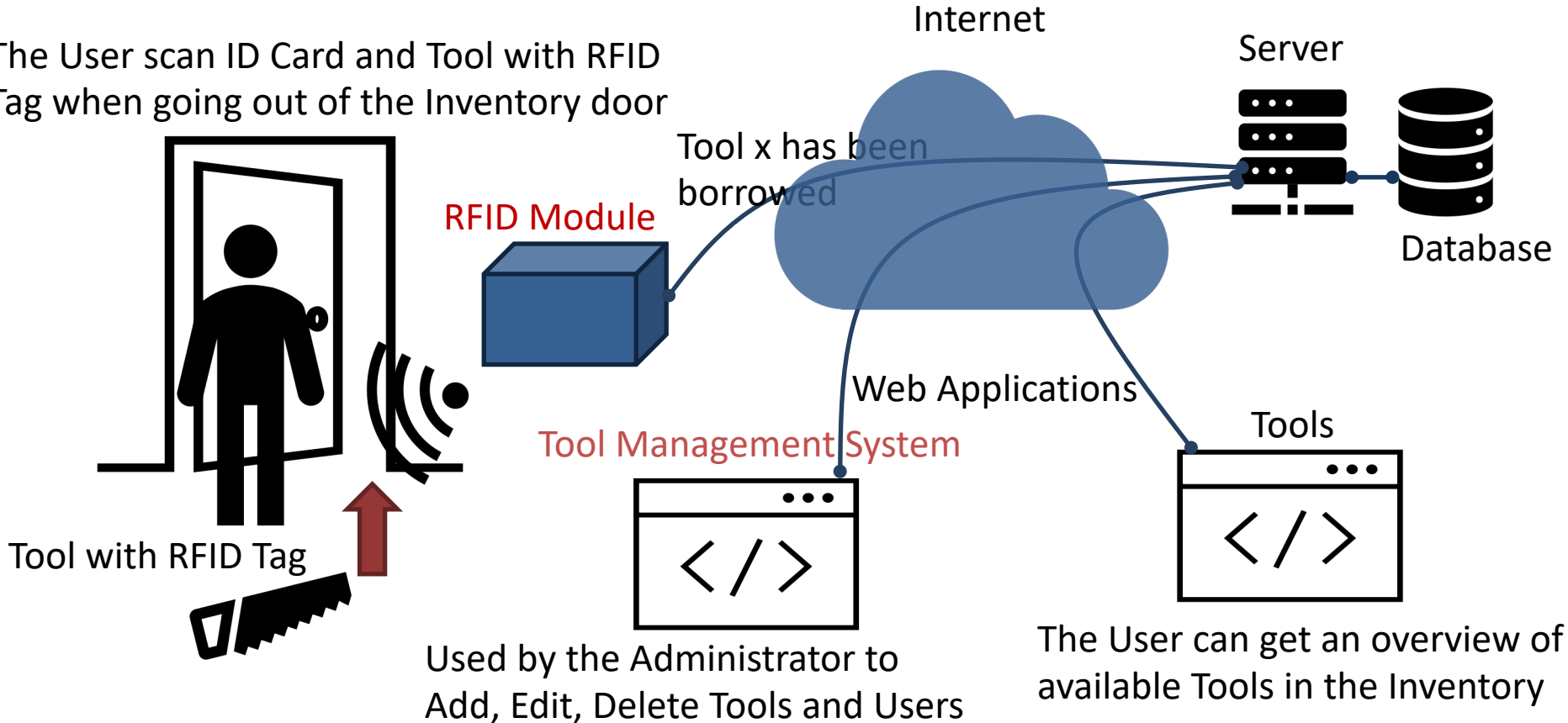
There are two types of RFID tags:

- **Passive** tags are powered by energy from the RFID reader's interrogating radio waves.
- **Active** tags are powered by a battery and thus can be read at a greater range from the RFID reader, up to hundreds of meters.

RFID tags can be attached to physical objects, clothing, and possessions, or implanted in animals and people

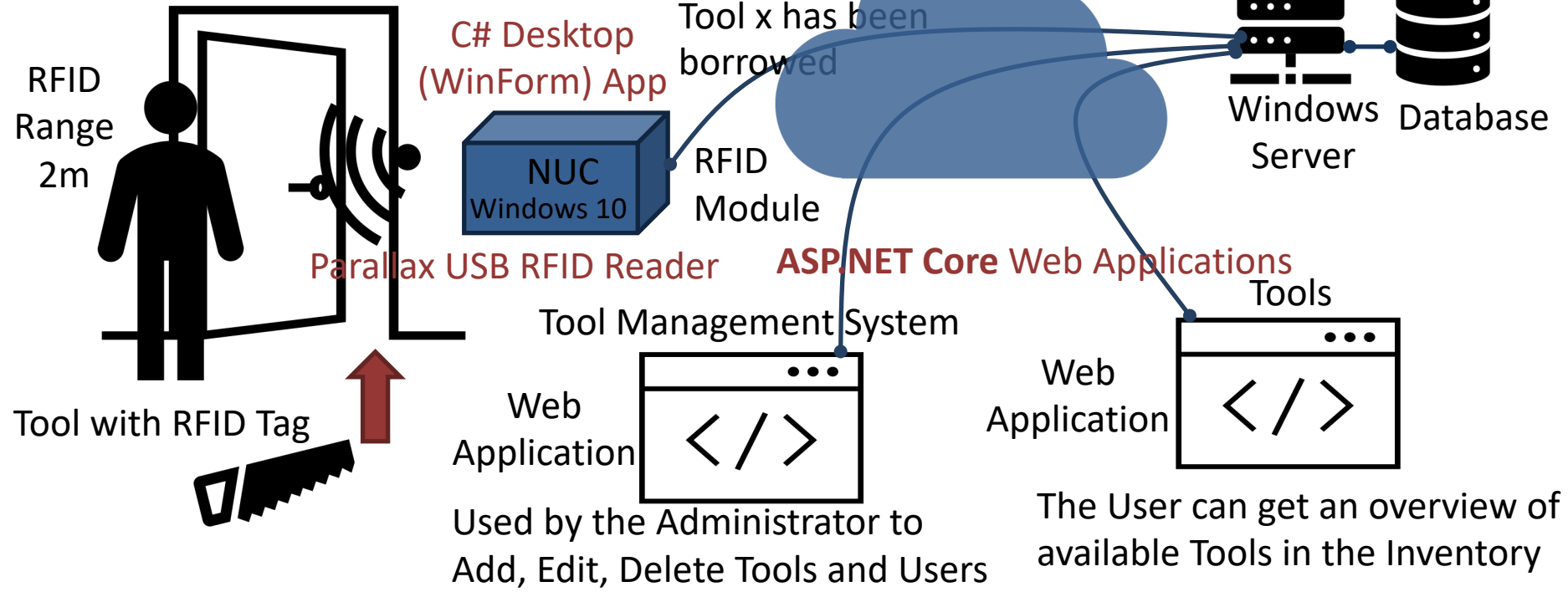
# Inventory System - System Overview

The User scan ID Card and Tool with RFID Tag when going out of the Inventory door



# Inventory System - Architecture

The User scan ID Card and Tool with RFID Tag when going out of the Inventory door



# Risk Analysis

- The RFID reader has not the necessary range
- Tool registered on wrong person if 2 persons are in the inventory and/o leave the room at the same time
- Existing Access Card cannot be used because they don't have RFID or different standard is used
- Risk of GDPR violation
- Hacker attacks
- Data stored in a cloud service out of control of the company
- User data/information stored in 2 different systems (this system and existing access control system)
- What if an ID Card has been stolen?
- A person uses an ID card that is not his (borrowed from another)
- The RFID Tag on the tool has fallen off
- The tools are used in a hazardous environment which can cause that the RFID falls off or is destroyed in some way



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# Prototype

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# Prototyping Development Time

## 20-80 Rule:

- It takes 20% of the total development time to make the system 80% finished (The main functionality but it lacks robustness, systematic testing, etc.)
- It takes 80% of the time to finish the remaining 20% of the system (Robustness, bug fixes, fin-tuning, change in requirements and customer wants some changes or new functionality, etc.)
- 80% of the users are only using 20% of the features in an application

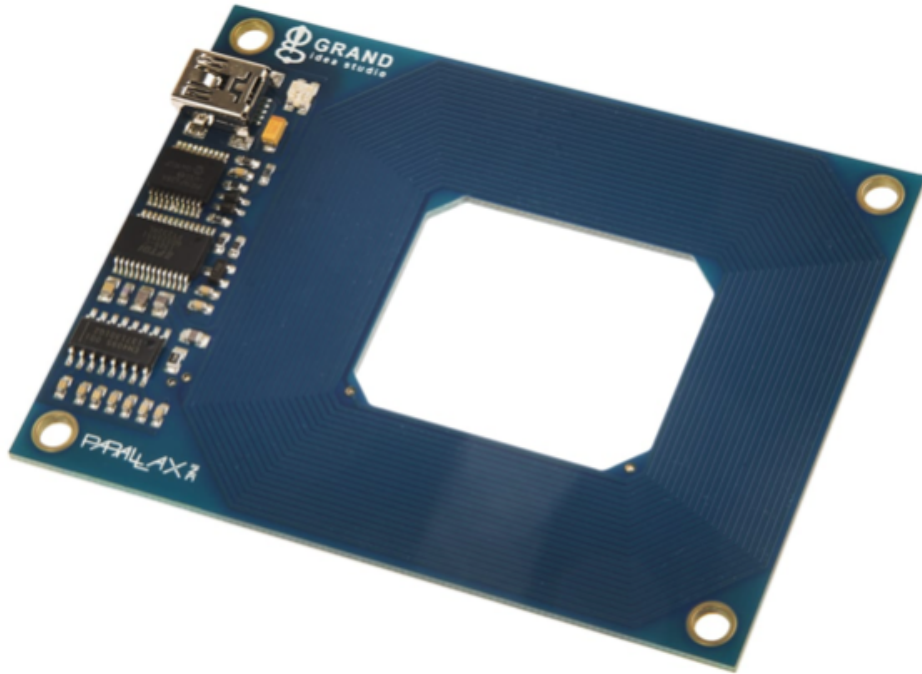
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# RFID Reader

Hans-Petter Halvorsen

# Parallax USB RFID Reader



User ID Cards with RFID for Access Control



<https://www.parallax.com/product/rfid-card-reader-usb/>

RFID Tags for mounting on each tool

<https://no.rs-online.com/web/p/identification-sensors/8430793>

# Parallax USB RFID Reader

From Parallax USB RFID Reader Documentation

- It reads passive **125 kHz** RFID transponder tags
- The Parallax RFID Card Reader USB version can be connected directly to any PC, Macintosh, or Linux machine that has a USB port and the appropriate drivers installed. The module is powered from the host computer's USB port and uses an industry-standard **FTDI FT232R** device to provide the USB connectivity
- A visual indication of the state of the RFID Card Reader is given with the on-board LED. When the module is successfully powered-up and is in an idle state, the LED will be **GREEN**. When the module is in an active state searching for or communicating with a valid tag, the LED will be **RED**.
- The RFID Card Reader USB version is activated via the **DTR** line of the USB Virtual COM port. When the DTR line is set HIGH, the module will enter the active state. When the DTR line is set LOW, the module will enter the idle state.
- RFID Tag read distance of approximately 4 inches (**10cm**).

# Parallax USB RFID Reader

## Communication Protocol:

- The RFID Card Reader USB version transmits the data through the USB Virtual COM Port driver
- All communication is **8 data bits, no parity, 1 stop bit**, and least significant bit first (8N1) at **2400 bps**.
- When the RFID Card Reader is active and a valid RFID transponder tag is placed within range of the activated reader, the tag's unique ID will be transmitted as a **12-byte printable ASCII string** serially to the host in the following format:

# Parallax USB RFID Reader

## Communication Protocol:

Start Byte (0x0A)	Unique ID Digit 1	Unique ID Digit 2	Unique ID Digit 3	Unique ID Digit 4	Unique ID Digit 5	Unique ID Digit 6	Unique ID Digit 7	Unique ID Digit 8	Unique ID Digit 9	Unique ID Digit 10	Stop Byte (0x0D)
----------------------	----------------------	----------------------	----------------------	----------------------	----------------------	----------------------	----------------------	----------------------	----------------------	-----------------------	---------------------

The start byte and stop byte are used to easily identify that a correct string has been received from the reader (they correspond to **line feed (\n)** and **carriage return (\r)** characters, respectively).

The middle ten bytes are the actual tag's unique ID.

For example, for a tag with a valid ID of 0F0184F07A, the following bytes would be sent: 0x0A, 0x30, 0x46, 0x30, 0x31, 0x38, 0x34, 0x46, 0x30, 0x37, 0x41, 0x0D.

# RFID Python Prototype

The image shows a screenshot of the Thonny Python IDE. The main editor window displays a Python script named `rfid_ex.py` with the following code:

```
1 import serial
2 import time
3
4 ser = serial.Serial('COM4', 2400, timeout=1)
5
6 response = ser.read(12)
7 if response != "":
8     print(response)
9
10 ser.close()
```

The Shell window shows the execution of the script using `%Run rfid_ex.py`, resulting in the output:

```
Python 3.7.9 (bundled)
>>> %Run rfid_ex.py
b'\n0800296663\r'
>>>
```

The Assistant window displays a warning message:

**Warnings**  
May be ignored if you are happy with your program.  
[rfid\\_ex.py](#)  
Line 2: Unused import time  
[Was it helpful or confusing?](#)

The status bar at the bottom right indicates the Python version: Python 3.7.9.



# RFID Python Prototype

The screenshot shows the Thonny Python IDE interface. The main editor window displays a Python script named `rfid_loop_ex.py` with the following code:

```
1 import serial
2 import time
3
4 ser = serial.Serial('COM4', 2400, timeout=1)
5
6 while True:
7     response = ser.read(12)
8     if response != "":
9         print(response)
10    time.sleep(1)
11
12 ser.close()
```

The Shell window at the bottom shows the output of the script, displaying a series of hexadecimal byte strings representing RFID data:

```
b'\n0800296663\r'
b'\n0800296663\r'
b'\n0800296663\r'
b'\n0800296663\r'
b'\n0800296663\r'
b'\n0800296663\r'
b'\n0800296663\r'
b'\n0800296663\r'
b'\n0800296663\r'
b'\n0800296663\r'
b'\n0800296663\r'
b'\n080029c06c\r'
```

The Assistant window on the right shows a warning message:

**Warnings**  
May be ignored if you are happy with your program.  
[rfid\\_ex.py](#)  
Line 2 : Unused import time  
[Was it helpful or confusing?](#)

The status bar at the bottom right indicates the Python version: Python 3.7.9.

# RFID LabVIEW Prototype

The screenshot displays the LabVIEW front panel for an RFID reader. It features a title bar, a menu bar, and a toolbar. The main interface is divided into three sections: RFIDTag, Bytes Array, and Error Information.

**RFIDTag**

0800297F02

**Bytes Array**

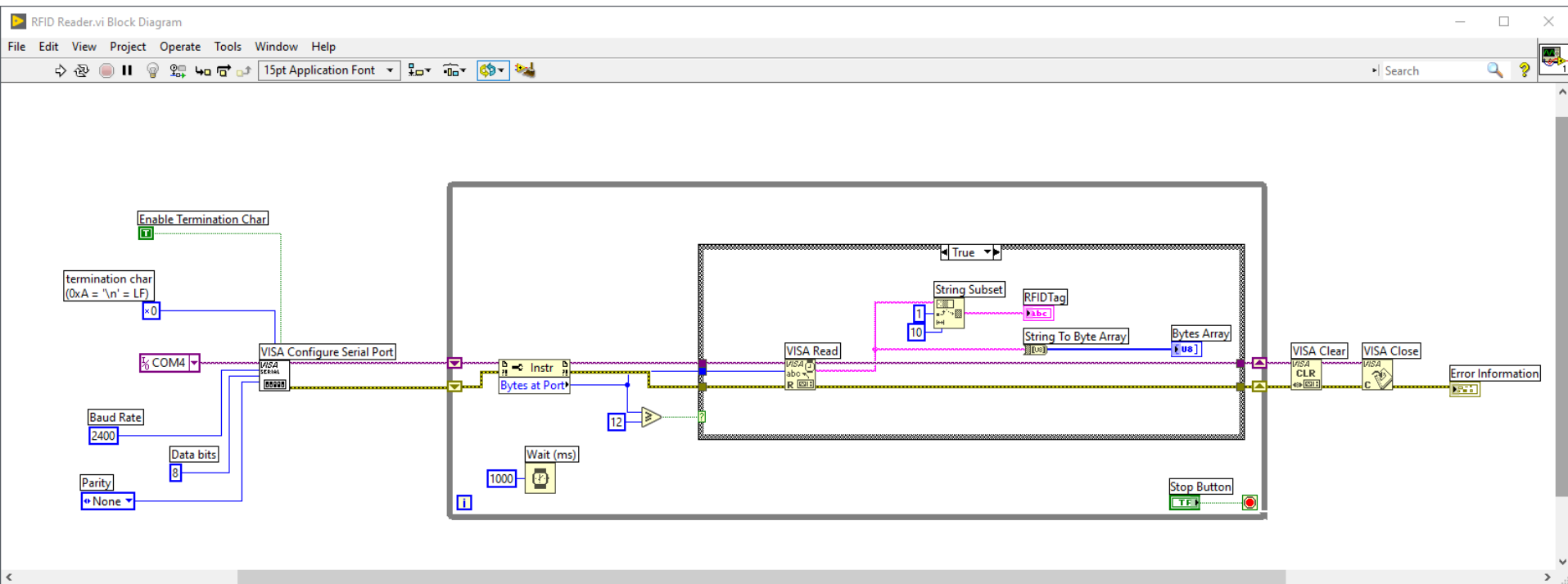
A	30	38	30	30	32	39	37	46	30	32	D
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	---

**Error Information**

status	code
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	1073676
source	VISA Read in RFID Reader.vi

Stop

# RFID LabVIEW Prototype



# Read RFID Tag with C#

```
using System.IO.Ports;
```

```
SerialPort port = new System.IO.Ports.SerialPort("COM4", 2400, System.IO.Ports.Parity.None,  
8, System.IO.Ports.StopBits.One);
```

```
port.Open();  
port.DtrEnable = true;
```

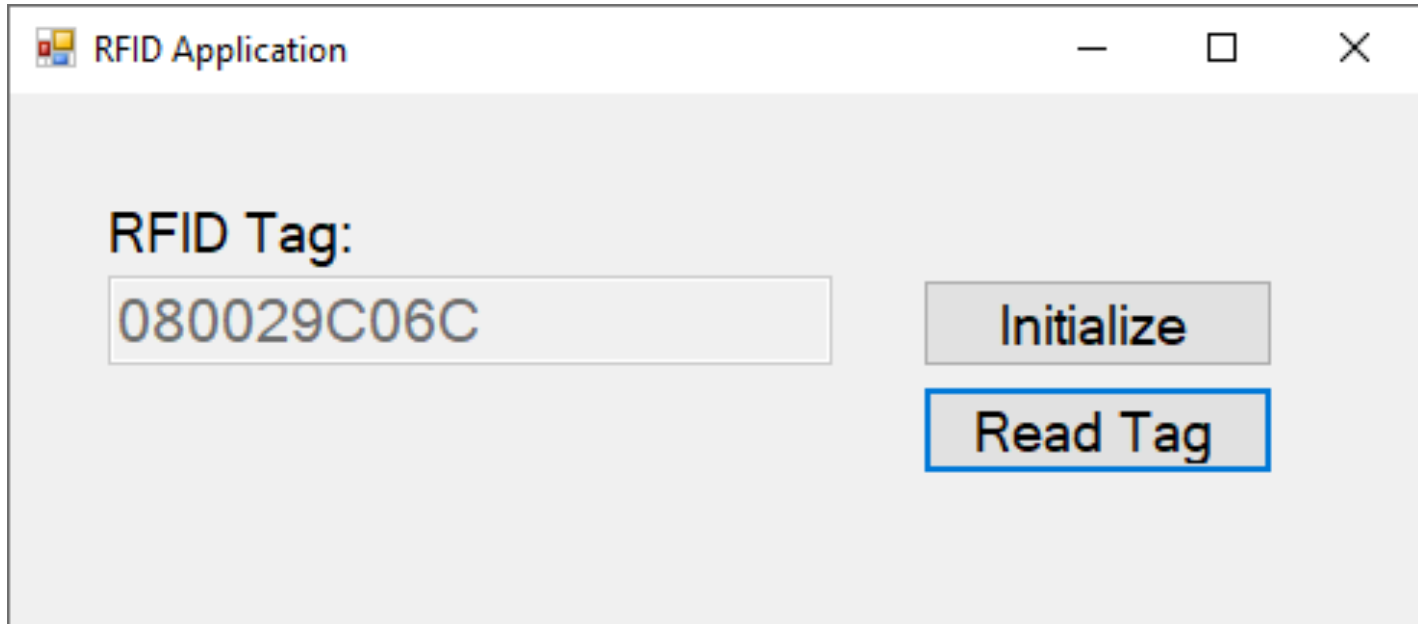
```
int numberBytesToRead = 12;  
byte[] data = new byte[numberBytesToRead];  
port.ReadTimeout = 1000;  
port.Read(data, 0, numberBytesToRead);
```

```
string rfidTag;  
rfidTag = System.Text.Encoding.UTF8.GetString(data, 0, data.Length);
```

```
rfidTag = rfidTag.Replace("\n", "");  
rfidTag = rfidTag.Replace("\r", "");
```

```
port.Close();
```

# RFID C# Prototype



# RFID C# Prototype

```
using System;
using System.IO.Ports;
using System.Windows.Forms;

namespace ReadRfidApp
{
    public partial class Form1 : Form
    {
        string rfidTag;
        SerialPort port = new System.IO.Ports.SerialPort("COM4", 2400, System.IO.Ports.Parity.None, 8, System.IO.Ports.StopBits.One);

        public Form1()
        {
            InitializeComponent();
        }

        private void Form1_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {}

        private void btnInitialize_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
            port.Open();
            port.DtrEnable = true;

            txtTagData.Text = "";
        }

        private void btnReadTag_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
            int numberBytesToRead = 12;
            byte[] data = new byte[numberBytesToRead];
            port.ReadTimeout = 1000;
            port.Read(data, 0, numberBytesToRead);

            rfidTag = System.Text.Encoding.UTF8.GetString(data, 0, data.Length);

            rfidTag = rfidTag.Replace("\n", "");
            rfidTag = rfidTag.Replace("\r", "");

            txtTagData.Text = rfidTag;

            port.Close();
        }
    }
}
```

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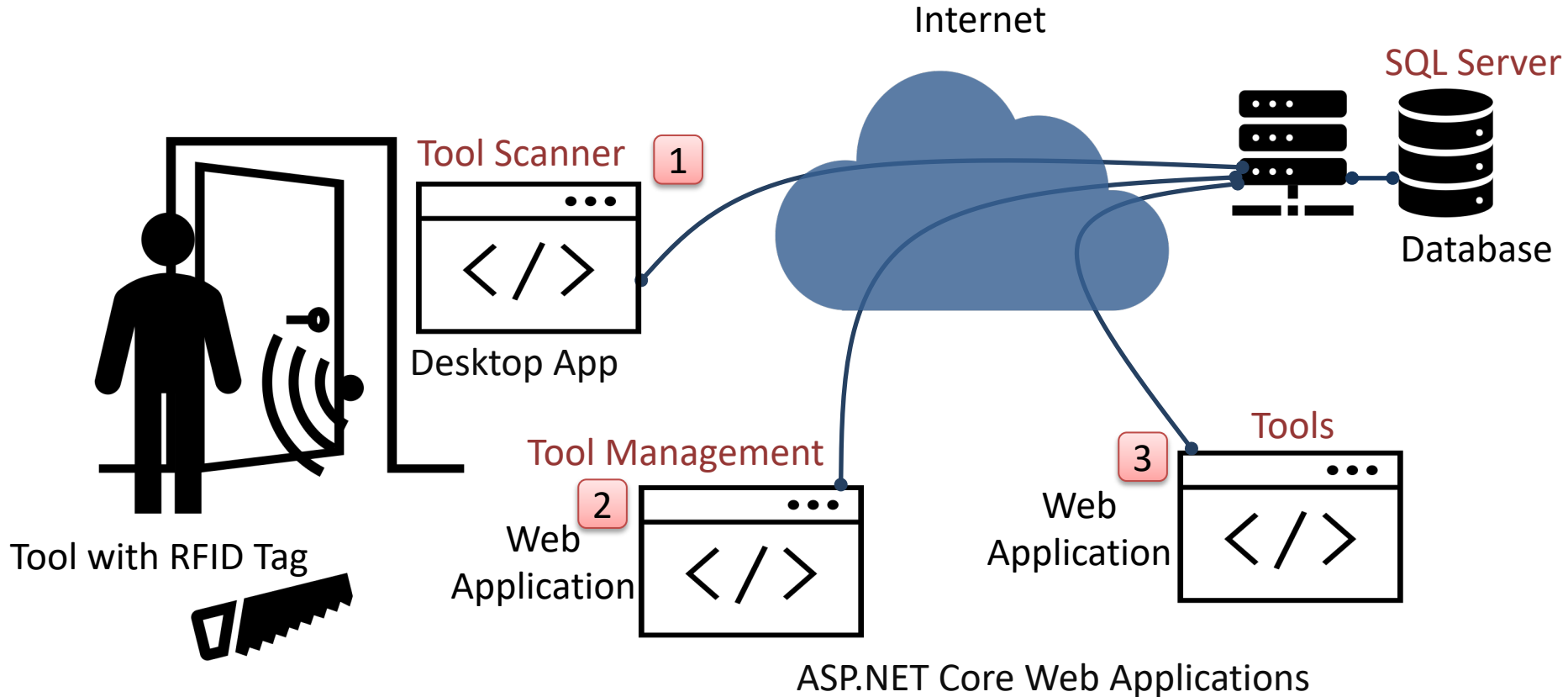


# Applications

The applications are basic CRUD applications implemented in C# (WinForm and ASP.NET Core)

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# Inventory System - Applications





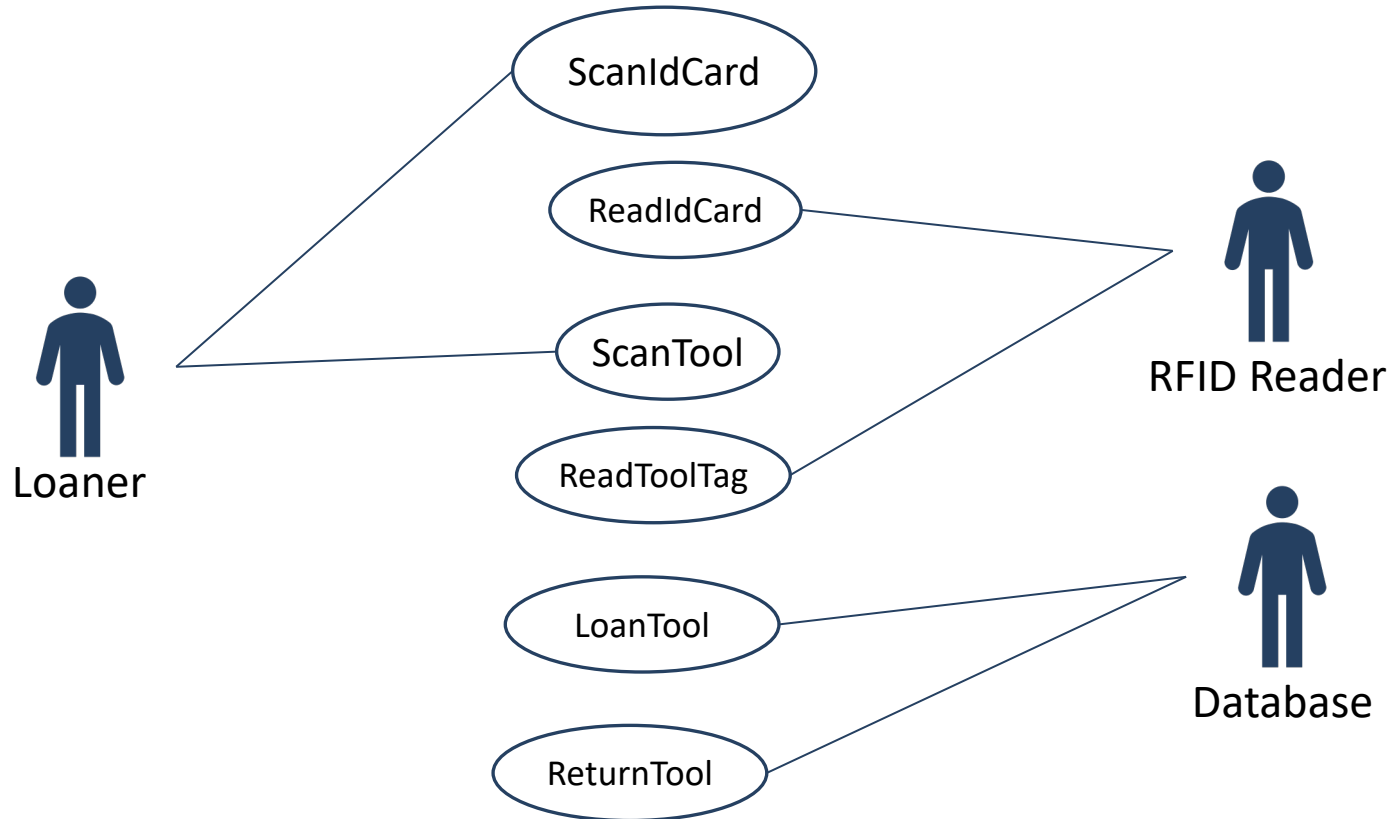
<https://www.halvorsen.blog>



# Tool Scanner (App #1)

Hans-Petter Halvorsen

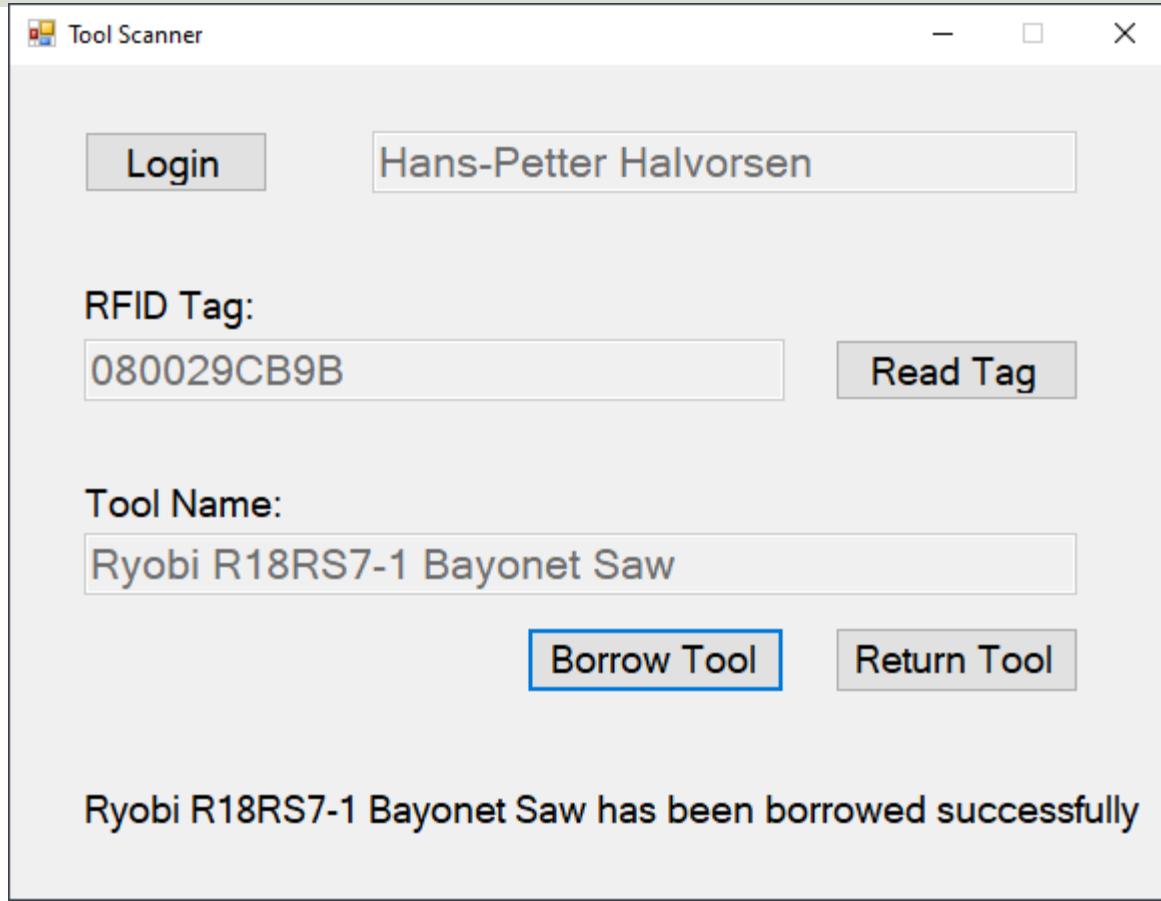
# Use Case Diagram



# Tool Scanner (App #1)

C# WinForm Desktop Application

The User scan ID Card and Tool with RFID Tag when going out of the Inventory door



The screenshot shows a Windows application window titled "Tool Scanner". The interface includes a "Login" button and a text box containing "Hans-Petter Halvorsen". Below this is an "RFID Tag:" label, a text box with "080029CB9B", and a "Read Tag" button. Further down is a "Tool Name:" label, a text box with "Ryobi R18RS7-1 Bayonet Saw", and two buttons: "Borrow Tool" (highlighted with a blue border) and "Return Tool". At the bottom, a message states "Ryobi R18RS7-1 Bayonet Saw has been borrowed successfully".

Tool Scanner

Login Hans-Petter Halvorsen

RFID Tag:

080029CB9B Read Tag

Tool Name:

Ryobi R18RS7-1 Bayonet Saw

Borrow Tool Return Tool

Ryobi R18RS7-1 Bayonet Saw has been borrowed successfully

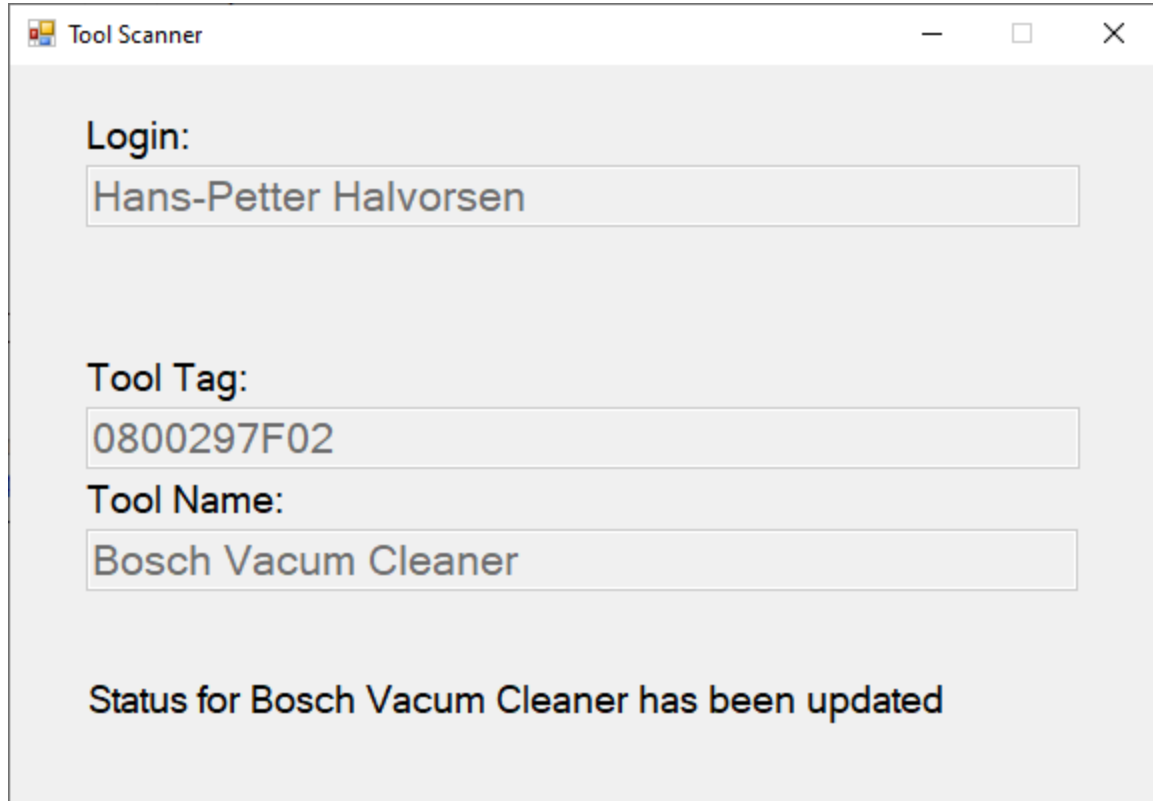
# Tool Scanner (App #1) – Improved!

C# WinForm Desktop Application

The Tool Scanner Application automatically scans the User ID Card and the Tool he wants to borrow when the person is leaving the Inventory room through the door.

No manual steps are required by the user!

When the user return with the Tool, the system will be automatically updated



The screenshot shows a Windows-style application window titled "Tool Scanner". It contains three input fields with labels: "Login:" with the value "Hans-Petter Halvorsen", "Tool Tag:" with the value "0800297F02", and "Tool Name:" with the value "Bosch Vacuum Cleaner". Below these fields, a status message reads "Status for Bosch Vacuum Cleaner has been updated".

Field Label	Value
Login:	Hans-Petter Halvorsen
Tool Tag:	0800297F02
Tool Name:	Bosch Vacuum Cleaner

Status for Bosch Vacuum Cleaner has been updated

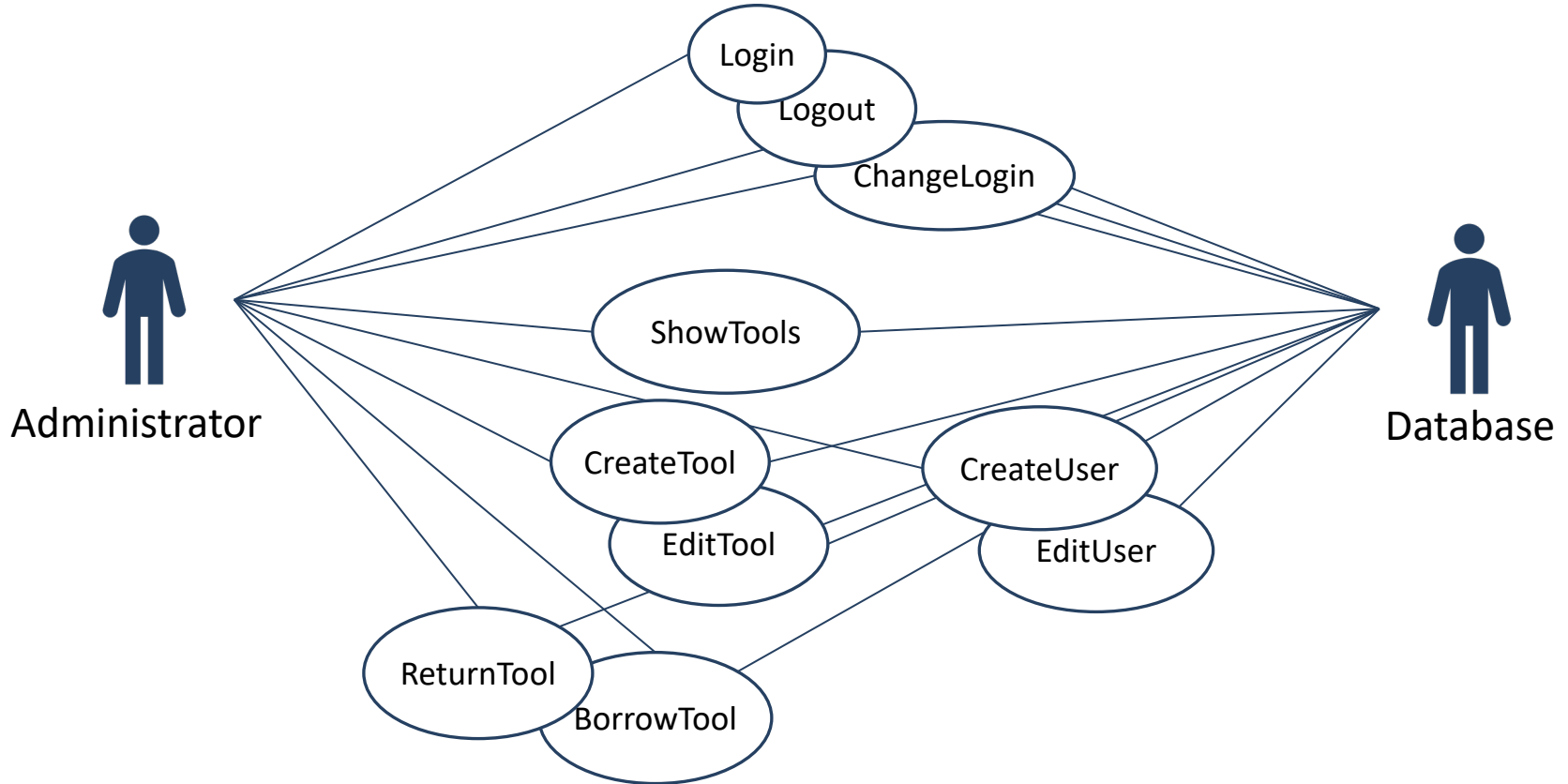
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# Tool Management (App #2)

Hans-Petter Halvorsen

# Use Case Diagram











# Tool Management (App #2)

## ASP.NET Core Web Application

Tool Management Tools Persons User

### Tools

Below you see all the available Tools in the Inventory:

ToolId	Name	Tag	Status	Action
2	Hilti Hammer Drill	080029C06C	 	<a href="#">Details</a> <a href="#">Delete Tool</a>
5	Bosch Vacuum Cleaner	0800297F02	 	<a href="#">Details</a> <a href="#">Delete Tool</a>
6	Ryobi R18RS7-1 Bayonet Saw	080029CB9B	 	<a href="#">Details</a> <a href="#">Delete Tool</a>
7	Laptop	555555555	 	<a href="#">Details</a> <a href="#">Delete Tool</a>

New Tool

Used by the **Administrator** to  
Add, Edit, Delete Tools and Users

# Login

[Tool Management](#) [Tools](#) [Persons](#) [User](#)

## User

Please Login.

Login

[Tool Management](#) [Tools](#) [Persons](#) [User](#)

## Login

Enter UserName and Password in order to get access to the system.

E-Mail:

Password:

Login



# Update User Information

Tool Management Tools Persons User



## Update User Information

Person Name\*:

Person Tag\*:

E-Mail\*:

Password\*:

The Password will be hashed before it is stored in the database. This means that no one can find your password even if the database was hacked.

# Borrow Tool

Tool Scanner

Login

RFID Tag:

Tool Name:

Ryobi R18RS7-1 Bayonet Saw has been borrowed successfully

Tool Management Tools Persons User

## Tools

Below you see all the available Tools in the Inventory:

TooldId	Name	Tag	Status	Action
2	Hilti Hammer Drill	080029C06C		<input type="button" value="Details"/> <input type="button" value="Delete Tool"/>
5	Bosch Vacum Cleaner	0800297F02		<input type="button" value="Details"/> <input type="button" value="Delete Tool"/>
6	Ryobi R18RS7-1 Bayonet Saw	080029CB9B		<input type="button" value="Details"/> <input type="button" value="Delete Tool"/>
7	Laptop	55555555		<input type="button" value="Details"/> <input type="button" value="Delete Tool"/>

# Tool Management

Tool Management Tools Persons User



## New Tool

Tool Name\*:

Tool Tag\*:

Tool Description:

Save

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Tool Management Tools Persons User



## Edit Tool

Tool Name\*:

Ryobi R18RS7-1 Bayonet Saw

Tool Tag\*:

080029CB9B

Tool Description:

Green. 5kg

Save

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# Tool Details



## Tool Details

Group:

Select Group



Tool Number:

Vendor:

Model:

Purchase Date:

yyyy-mm-dd



Calibration Date:

yyyy-mm-dd



Price:

Owner:

Save

# User/Person Management

Tool Management Tools **Persons** User

## Persons

Below you see all available Persons in the System:

PersonId	Name	Tag	EMail	Action
5	<a href="#">Knut Hamsun</a>	AAAAAAAAAA	knut.hamsun@usn.no	<a href="#">Delete Person</a>
6	<a href="#">Hans-Petter Halvorsen</a>	0800296663	hans.p.halvorsen@usn.no	<a href="#">Delete Person</a>

[New Person](#)

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Tool Management Tools Persons **User**



## New Person

Person Name\*:

Person Tag\*:

E-Mail\*:

[Save](#)

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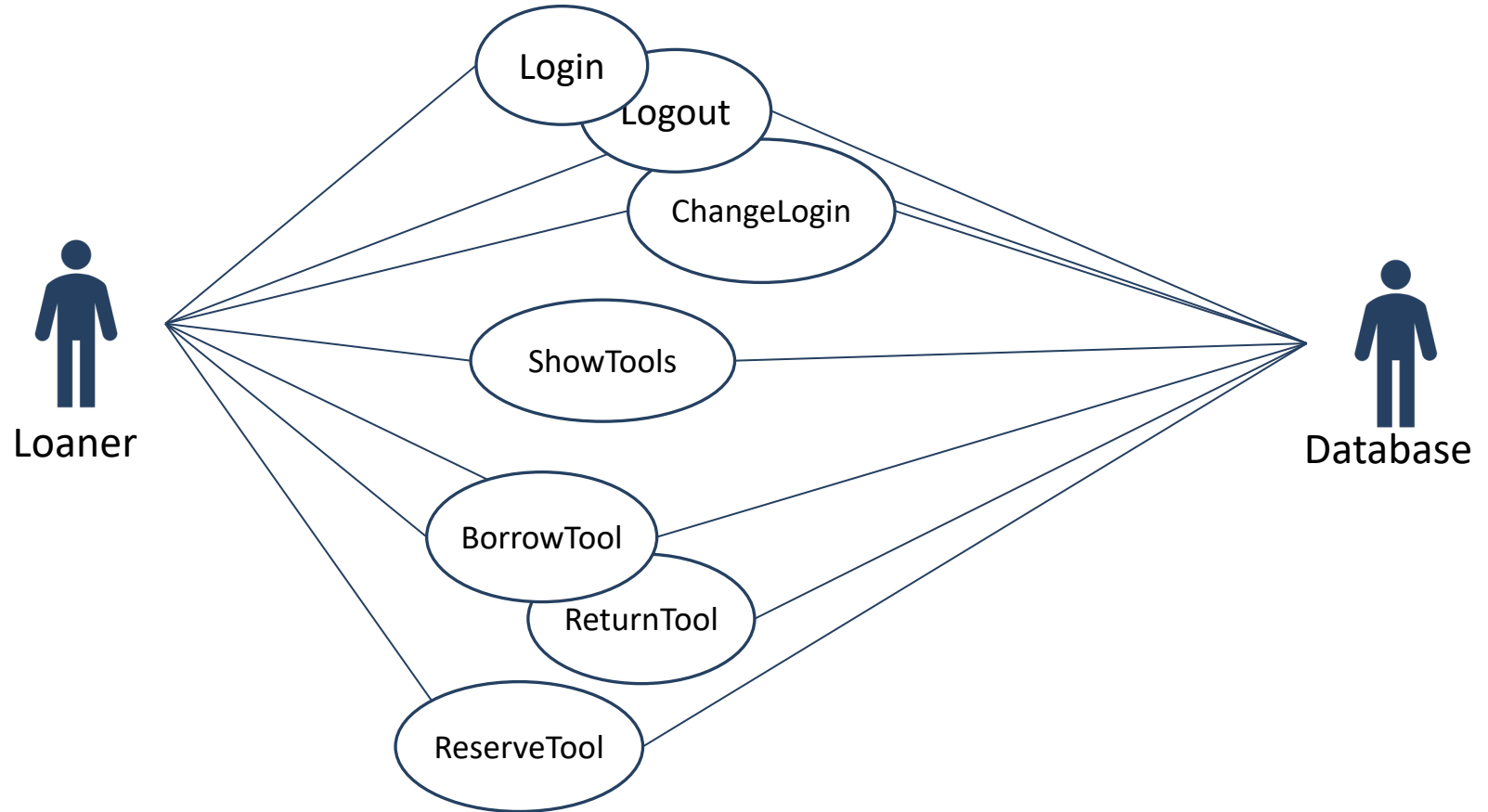
<https://www.halvorsen.blog>



# Tools (App #3)

Hans-Petter Halvorsen

# Use Case Diagram



# Tools (App #3)









ASP.NET Core Web Application

The User can get an overview of available Tools in the Inventory

[Tool System](#) [Search](#) [Tools](#) [User](#)

## Tools

Below you see all the available Tools in the Inventory:

Toolid	Name	Tag	Status	Action
2	<a href="#">Hilti Hammer Drill</a>	080029C06C		
5	<a href="#">Bosch Vacum Cleaner</a>	0800297F02		
6	<a href="#">Ryobi R18RS7-1 Bayonet Saw</a>	080029CB9B		
7	<a href="#">Laptop</a>	555555555		



# Login

[Tool System](#) [Search](#) [Tools](#) [User](#)

## User

You need to Login in order to get access to more advanced features.

Login

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[Tool System](#) [Search](#) [Tools](#) [User](#)

## Login

Enter UserName and Password in order to get access to the system.

E-Mail:

Password:

Login

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# Update User Information

Tool Management Tools Persons User



## Update User Information

Person Name\*:

Person Tag\*:

E-Mail\*:

Password\*:

The Password will be hashed before it is stored in the database. This means that no one can find your password even if the database was hacked.

# Search

Tool System Search Tools User



## Search

Tool Name:

Search

## Tools

Below you see all the available Tools in the Inventory:

ToolId	Name	Tag	Status	Action
2	<a href="#">Hilti Hammer Drill</a>	080029C06C		
5	<a href="#">Bosch Vacum Cleaner</a>	0800297F02		
6	<a href="#">Ryobi R18RS7-1 Bayonet Saw</a>	080029CB9B		
7	<a href="#">Laptop</a>	555555555		

# Reserve Tool

Tool System Search Tools User



## Reserve Tool

Tool Name: Ryobi R18RS7-1 Bayonet Saw

From Date:

2021-01-28



To Date:

2021-01-29



Reserve Tool

<https://www.halvorsen.blog>

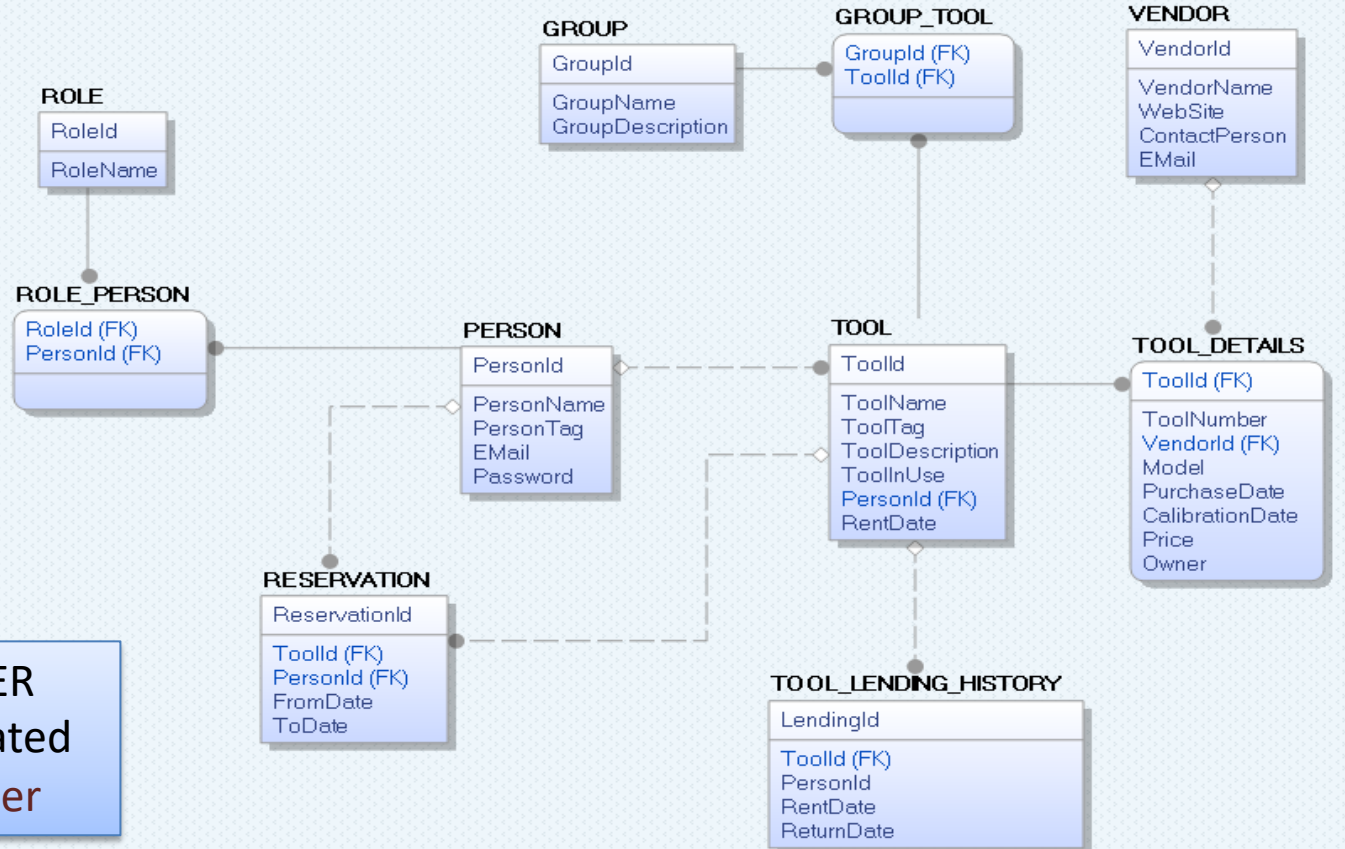


# Database

Hans-Petter Halvorsen

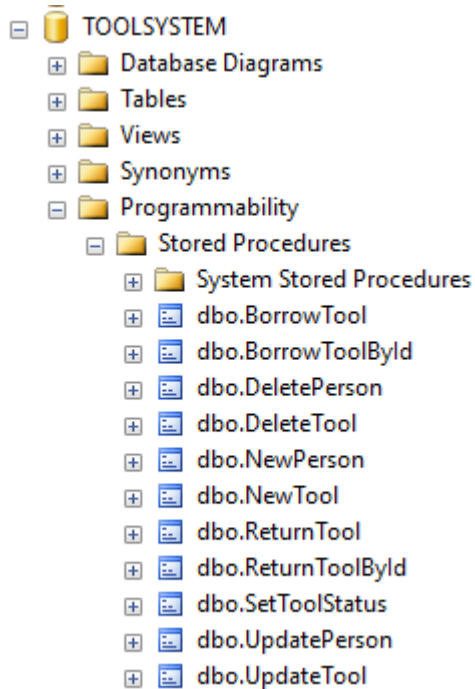
# Database (ER Diagram)

SQL Server



The Database Design (ER diagram) has been created with **erwin Data Modeler**

# Stored Procedures



- NewPerson
- UpdatePerson
- DeletePerson
  
- NewTool
- DeleteTool
- UpdateTool
  
- BorrowTool
- BorrowToolById
- ReturnTool
- ReturnToolById
- SetToolStatus

# Example

```
IF EXISTS (SELECT name
FROM sysobjects
WHERE name = 'NewTool'
AND type = 'P')
DROP PROCEDURE NewTool
GO
```

```
CREATE PROCEDURE NewTool
@ToolName varchar(100),
@ToolTag varchar(100),
@ToolDescription varchar(1000)
AS
```

```
if not exists (select * from TOOL where ToolName = @ToolName)
INSERT INTO TOOL (ToolName, ToolTag, ToolDescription, ToolInUse)
VALUES (@ToolName, @ToolTag, @ToolDescription, 0)
```

```
GO
```



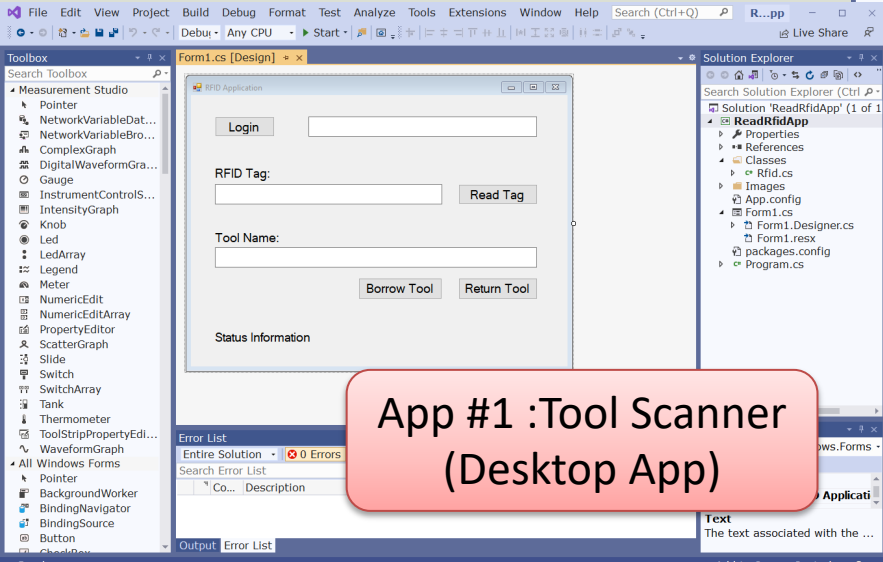
<https://www.halvorsen.blog>



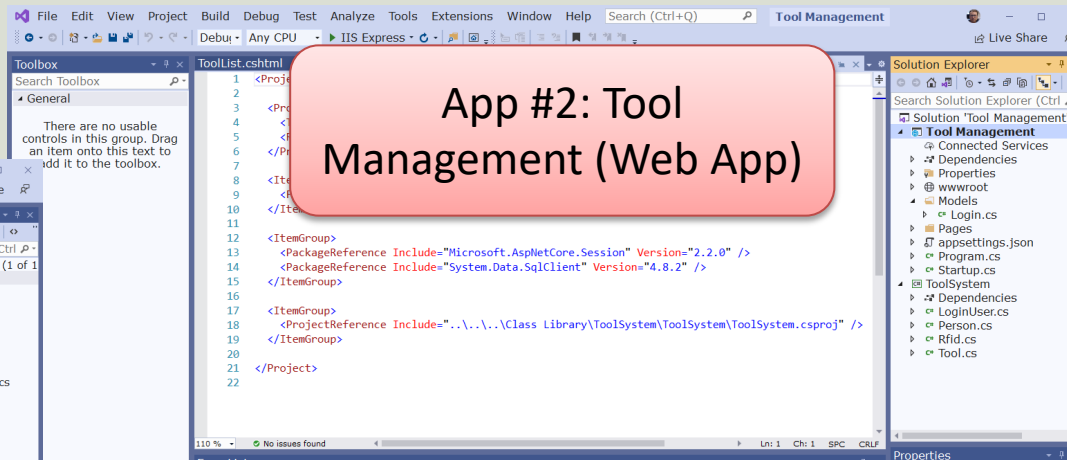
# Visual Studio

Hans-Petter Halvorsen

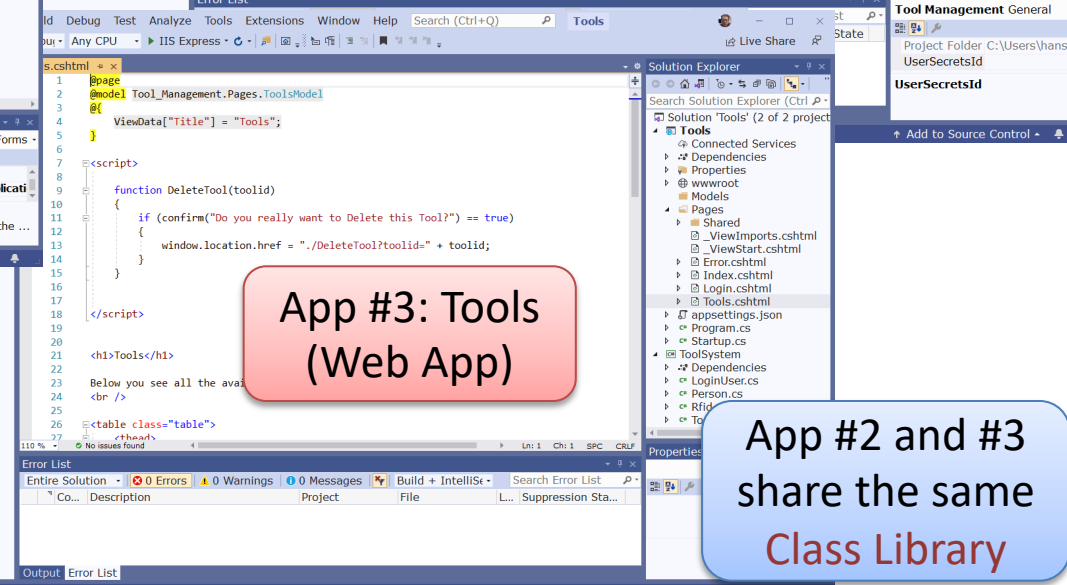
# Visual Studio



App #1 :Tool Scanner (Desktop App)



App #2: Tool Management (Web App)

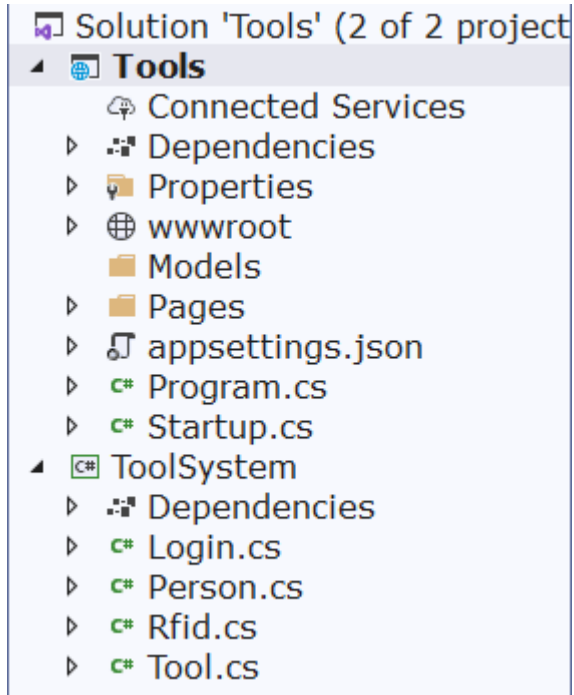


App #3: Tools (Web App)

App #2 and #3 share the same Class Library

These 3 applications share much of the same code. That's why a shared Class Library has been used.

# Classes

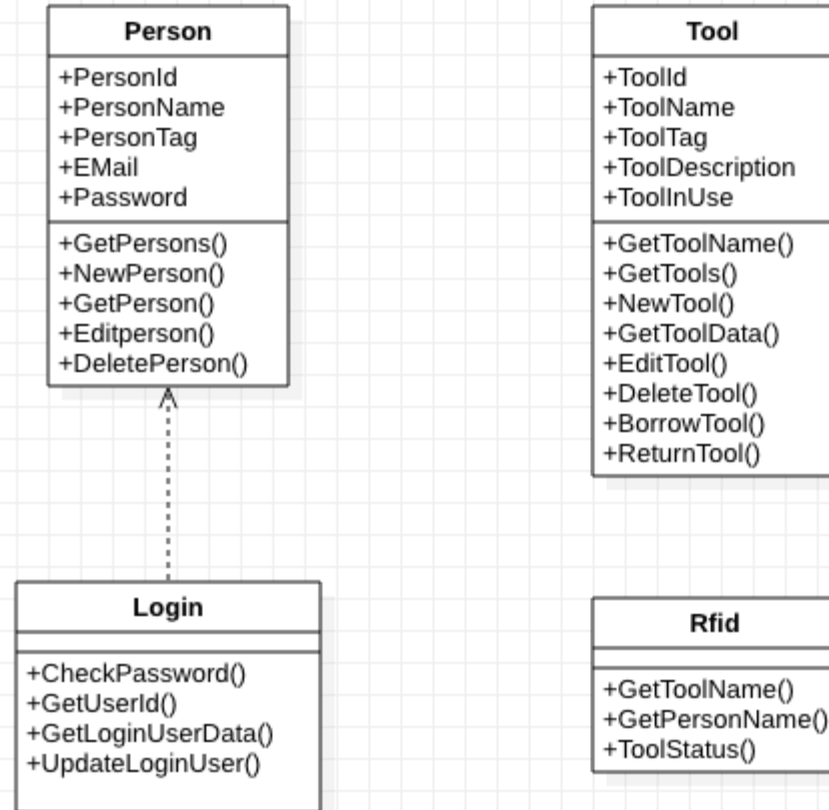


The following Classes have been implemented in a shared Class Library:

- Person
- Tool
- Login
- Rfid

The different Classes are dealing with separate functionality of the applications. All these classes communicate with the database

# Class Diagram



This is the Initial Classes for the Core Functionality.  
More Classes and Methods may be added later when more functionality will be added.

# ASP.NET Core

Web Page: <https://halvorsen.blog/documents/programming/web/aspnet>

Videos:

- ASP.NET Core – Introduction  
<https://youtu.be/zkOtiBcwo8s>
- ASP.NET Core – Database Communication  
<https://youtu.be/0Ta3dQ3rxzs>
- ASP.NET Core - Database CRUD Application  
<https://youtu.be/k5TCZDwTYcE>
- ASP.NET Core – Class Library  
<https://youtu.be/emUiMd1zRrY>
- ASP.NET Core – Charts  
<https://youtu.be/mksUls9fx-Q>
- ASP.NET Core – Session Data  
[https://youtu.be/I0SQ\\_XAoFvA](https://youtu.be/I0SQ_XAoFvA)

## Web Programming ASP.NET Core

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